SURFACE TREATMENTS & COATINGS

SELECT ADVANCED SPECIALTY COATING

Certain applications, materials or performances simply require the enhancement of a specialty coating and knowledge of the properties of the coatings available. Temperature, friction resistance, hardness, lubricity, toughness and cohesion of the resulting process must be examined prior to the selection.





UNCOATED

- For general purpose machining on low power machines
- Not recommended for most cutting applications





TIN (TITANIUM NITRIDE)

- Suitable for use as a general purpose coating in a wide range of materials
- Intended for moderate improvements in tool life and machining
- Increased machining speeds of 20 30%





TICN (TITANIUM CARBON NITRIDE)

- For aggressive machining of tool steels, high carbon steels and high silicon aluminums
- Improved wear resistance, 30% higher hardness than TiN
- Increased machining speeds of 25 35%





TIALN-X (TITANIUM ALUMINUM NITRIDE NANO)

- Aggressive machining of stainless & high carbon steels; nickel-based hi-temp & ti-alloys
- Ideal for roughing and interrupted cuts
- Increased machining speeds 30 45% and tolerates thermal stresses





ALTIN-X (ALUMINUM TITANIUM NITRIDE NANO)

- Has the highest temperature resistance of any of the standard available coatings
- Similar to TiAIN-X; Best for dry machining cast iron, titanium, Inconel, and stainless alloys where machine power is available to generate adequate heat; Increased machining speeds 35 – 45%





ALTIN/SI3N4 (ALUMINUM TITANIUM NITRIDE/ SILICON NITRIDE)

- · Unique nanocrystalline AlTiN and amorphous Si3N4 deposits create a honeycomb-like structure
- Extremely hard and tough with excellent wear and abrasion resistance. Up to 35% greater tool life.
- Provides a near diamond-like coating (DLC) for high temp alloys and hardened materials





ALCRN/SI3N4 (ALUMINUM CHROMIUM NITRIDE NANO)

- Unique nanocrystalline AlCrN and amorphous Si3N4 deposits create a honeycomb-like structure
- Run dry or wet in extreme cutting conditions. Increased machining speeds of 40 -50%
- Improved wear performance at the cutting edge by uniform distribution of mechanical force





ZRN (ZIRCONIUM NITRIDE)

- Ideal for machining aluminum, plastics and other non-ferrous materials
- High lubricity reduces built up edge and hardness improves tool life
- Excellent surface finishes





TIB2 (TITANIUM DIBORIDE)

- Reduced costs when machining aluminum, titanium, magnesium and copper
- Higher speeds and chip removal rate due to its smooth surface and low coefficient of friction
- Provides increased wear resistance





AMORPHOUS DIAMOND

- For high speed machining of graphite, carbon fiber, composites and abrasive materials
- Extremely high thermal conductivity, hardness and lubricity
- Removes heat from the cutting edge and has best tolerance retention

Additionally, 16 specialty coatings are available for specific applications as may be necessary. Due to the small batch nature of these unlisted coatings, minimum batch orders may apply.

APPLICATION, IDENTIFICATION AND BENEFITS

The correct coating for your tool can produce significant time and money savings. Additionally, coatings will increase tool life and performance. The chart below can help you identify the correct coating for your particular application.

| | INADVISABLE | GENERAL | PURPOSE | FERROUS | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| | UNC | TIN | TiCN | TIAIN-X | AITIN-X | |
| APPLICATION / BENEFITS | | General purpose coating for machin ing ferrous materials. Improves tool life by acting as a thermal and chmical barrier betwee Itool and workpiece. A good low cost alternative to AITiN in applications with low material removal rates. | Increased tool productivity over TiN with higher feed and speed capabilities. Considered supplimental and offered as an option when AlTiN-X cannot be used, as in applications which do not generate the speeds and feeds required for high cutting temperatures. | High performance coating designed for machining in demanding, dry, hard metal milling applications. Excellent high temperature resistance and hardness. Maintains high surface hardness even at elevated temperatu- res, improving tool life and allowing faster feed rates. | Premium coating for ferrous materials, the latest generation of AlTiN coating with a unique nanocomposite structure which improves hardness, heat resistance and toughnes over traditional AlTiN cotings. Superior results, extended tool life and reduced cycle tmes over traditional AlTiN coatings in demanding applications. | |
| MATERIALS | | Easy to machine ferrous and non ferrous materials. | Moderate machinability ferrous, cast irons, brass, bronze, copper, plastics and high silicon aluminum alloys. | Moderate to difficult to machine alloy steels, stainless steels, tool steels, titanium, inconel, nickel, and other aerospace materials. | Moderate to difficult to machine harneded steels, stainless steels, tool steels, nickel based alloys, titanium alloys, inconel and other aerospace materials. | |
| COLOR | | Gold | Silver-Gray | Dark Gray / Black | Violet / Black | |
| STRUCTURE | | Monolayer | Gradient | Nano Monolayer | Nano Multilayer | |
| HARDNESS (HV 0.05) | | 2300 - 2500 | 3000 - 3200 | 3200 - 3400 | 3300 - 3800 | |
| COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION | | 0.40 - 0.65 | 0.30 - 0.45 | 0.45 - 0.55 | 0.45 - 0.55 | |
| COATING THICKNESS | | 1 - 4 | 1 - 4 | 1 - 4 | 1 - 4 | |
| MAX WORKING TEMP | | 1100 F / 600 C | 750 F / 400 C | 1450 F / 800 C | 1650 F / 900 C | |
| | FERF | ROUS | NON-FERRO | US / EXOTICS | HI-TEMP & EXOTICS | |
| | AICN S131M4 | AITIN | ZrN | TiB2 | DIA | |
| APPLICATION / BENEFITS | Features a unique nanocrystalline AlCrN deposit, where the voids are filled with Si3N4, creating a honeycomb effect which greatly increases both hardness and heat resistance. Designed to wear evenly and resist chipping which occurs in other materials, resulting in extremely high temperature resistance and consitent performance in challenging applications. Dry or wet, the AlCrN-X excels in interupted cuts. | Features a unique nanocrystalline AlTiN deposit, where the voids are filled with Si3N4, creating a honeycomb effect which greatly increases both hardness and heat resistance. The hardness and heat resistant properties of this coating are the highest available, outside of DLC. Incredibly extended tool life and reduced cycle times when high speed machining without coolant. | Excellent non-ferrous material solution due to high hardness, lubricity and abrasion resistance. Works well with gummy workpiece materials due to its lubricity and edge retention properties. | Maintains extremely high metal removal rates in aluminum due to its incredibly low affinity to the material. Prevents edge material building up on the edge and chip packing. Has a high hardness, toughness and working temp making it an excellent cross over into hi-temp alloys. | A thick crystaline diamond (CVD) is grown directly on the substrate. Hardness and abrasion resistance are increased for extended tool life in abrasive materials. Amorphous diamond is similar in performance to a CVD diamond, though it is deposited through a PVD process, reducing both price and performance in comparable materials. The thinner PVD coating lends well to machining applications which require a sharper tool edge. | |
| MATERIALS | Moderate to difficult to machine harneded steels, stainless steels, tool steels, nickel based alloys, titanium alloys, inconel and other aerospace materials. | Moderate to difficult to machine harneded steels, stainless steels, tool steels, nickel based alloys, tidanium alloys, inconel and other aerospace materials. | Specifically designed for aluminum, works well in abrazive non-ferrous alloys such as brass, copper, bronze, fiberglass and composites. | High silicon aluminium alloys, titanium alloys, magnesium alloys and copper alloys. | Abrasive materials, plastics, graphite, carbon fiber, high silicon alloys, composites, green carbides and green ceramics. | |
| COLOR | Silver-Gray | Blue-Black | Light Gold / Champagne | Light Gray / Silver | Black | |
| STRUCTURE | Nano Composite | Nano Composite | Monolayer | Monolayer | Monolayer | |
| HARDNESS (HV 0.05) | 4000 - 4200 | 4400 -4600 | 2300 - 2500 | 3800 - 4200 | 8500 - 10000 | |
| COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION | 0.35 - 0.40 | 0.40 - 0.45 | 0.50 - 0.60 | 0.40 - 0.50 | 0.05 - 0.30 | |
| COATING THICKNESS | 1-5 | 1-4 | 2-5 | 1-3 | 0.5 - 8 | |
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FOR MORE INFORMATION ON OUR SPECIALTY COATING PROGRAM, SEE PAGE 21

COATING SELECTION GUIDE

SELECTING THE OPTIMAL COATING FOR YOUR APPLICATION & MATERIAL

The chart below will guide you to the best choice of coating for you tool, dependent on your application's material. Feeds and speeds can be increased significantly when using the proper coating. All coatings create a benefit, provided the best coating is selected.

| P | ≤ 38 HRC ≤ 38 HRC ≤ 38 HRC 9 - 48 HRC 8 - 57 HRC 8 - 65 HRC 2 - 85 HRB 5 - 41 HRC 1 - 50 HRC | 10xx; 11xx; 12xx; 12Lxx; 15xx; etc 13xx; 41xx; 43xx; 86xx; 92xx; etc A2; A3; D2; H11; H13; M1; O1; S7; NAK 55; etc P20; P21; S-136; PX-5; NAK 80; etc 410; 416; 420; 430F; 440C; 302; 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; Carpenter; Invar | * | ** | ** | ** ** | *** *** *** | *** | | | |
|--|--|---|---|-------|-----------|----------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| TS | ≤ 38 HRC 9 - 48 HRC 8 - 57 HRC 8 - 65 HRC 2 - 85 HRB 5 - 41 HRC | A2; A3; D2; H11; H13; M1; O1; S7; NAK 55; etc P20; P21; S-136; PX-5; NAK 80; etc 410; 416; 420; 430F; 440C; 302; 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | * | * * * * * | ** ** ** | *** *** | *** | | | |
| TOOLE STEEL STEE | 9 - 48 HRC 8 - 57 HRC 8 - 65 HRC 2 - 85 HRB 5 - 41 HRC | NAK 55; etc P20; P21; S-136; PX-5; NAK 80; etc 410; 416; 420; 430F; 440C; 302; 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | * * * | * * * | ** ** | *** *** | *** | | | |
| STEEL SS STEEL S | 8 - 57 HRC 8 - 65 HRC 2 - 85 HRB 5 - 41 HRC | 410; 416; 420; 430F; 440C; 302; 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | * * | * * | ** | *** | *** | | | |
| 1 | 8 - 65 HRC 2 - 85 HRB 5 - 41 HRC | 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | * | * | ** | *** | | | | |
| SS STAINLESS | 2 - 85 HRB 5 - 41 HRC | 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | * | * | | | *** | | | |
| N | 5 - 41 HRC | 303; etc 304; 304L; 316; 316L; 320; 321; 347; Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | | | ** | 444 | | | | |
| 12 - 14 STANLESS | | Invar 36; Kovar 13-8 PH; 15-5 PH; 17-4 PH; | | * | | | ~ ~ ~ | *** | | | |
| STABLES STABLE | 1 - 50 HRC | | | | * | ** | *** | *** | | | |
| CAST HON GRAY 100 - 10 | | | | * | ** | ** | *** | *** | | | |
| 15 - 20 Cast Countrie Count | 0 - 200 HRB | Gray | | ** | * | ** | *** | *** | | | |
| S 31 - 37 TITANUM ALLOYS 25-30-HRC ALLUNS Low SI (-10%) AL ALUMINUM ALUNS Low SI (-10%) AL ALUMINUM ALUNS Low SI (-10%) HIGH S | 0 - 300 HRB | Ductile | | ** | * | ** | *** | *** | | | |
| S 31 - 37 HI - BAL ALUNINUM A | 0 - 310 HRB | Malleable | | ** | * | ** | *** | *** | | | |
| AL ALUMINUM ALLOYS AL ALUMINUM ALLOYS AL ALUMINUM HIGH S | 5 - 36 HRC | 6AL4V; Grades 5-38; etc | | | * | ** | *** | *** | | *** | |
| AL ALUMINUM ALLOYS | 0 - 52 HRC | Inconel, Model, Hastalloy, etc | | | * | ** | *** | *** | | *** | |
| AL ALUMINUM HIGHS | V SI (< 10%) | 20xx; 50xx; 60xx; 70xx; etc | * | ** | | | | | *** | *** | |
| High Si (>10% | H SI (> 10%) | A-38x; A-39x; B-39x; etc | | * | | | | | ** | *** | *** |
| MG | ≤ 38 HRC | | | * | | | | | ** | *** | |
| 21 - 28 CA | | Manganese & Tin Bronze, Beryllium Copper | * | ** | | | | | ** | *** | |
| CG | 9 - 48 HRC | | * | ** | | | | | | | *** |
| PL PLASTICS & COMPOSITES 22 - 57 HRC | 9 - 48 HRC 8 - 57 HRC | | * | ** | | | | | ** | | *** |

